# LOW-PRESSURE, CHEMICAL VAPOR DEPOSITION POLYSCICON

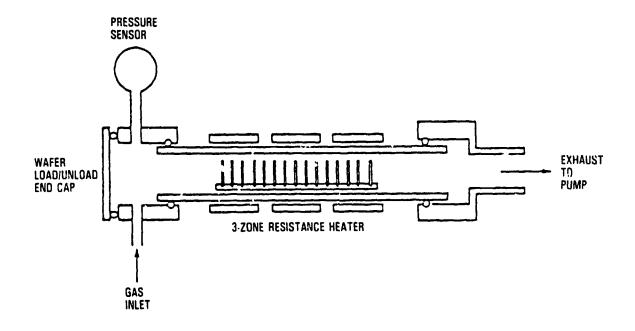
#### JET PROPULSICAL LABORATORY

B. D. Gallac, colland G. C. Crotty

#### Polysilicon is Land for Contact Passivation to:

- Lower surface recombination velocity
- Increase Voc
- Increase cell efficiency

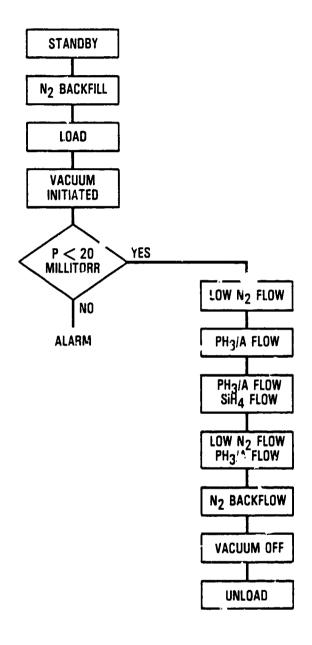
## Reactor for LPCVD Polysilicon



PRECEDING PAGE BLANK NOT FILMED

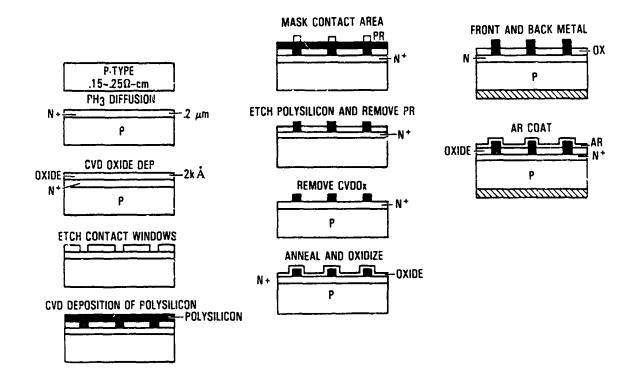
#### **PROCESSING**

## Algorithm for the LPCVD Polysilicon Process



#### **PROCESSING**

## Flow Diagram for the LPCVD Polysilicon Process

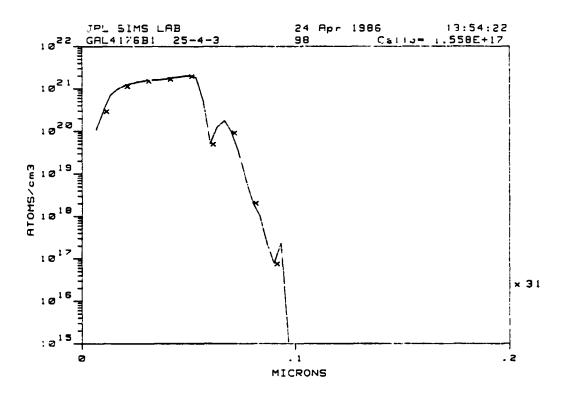


#### **Sheet Resistance**

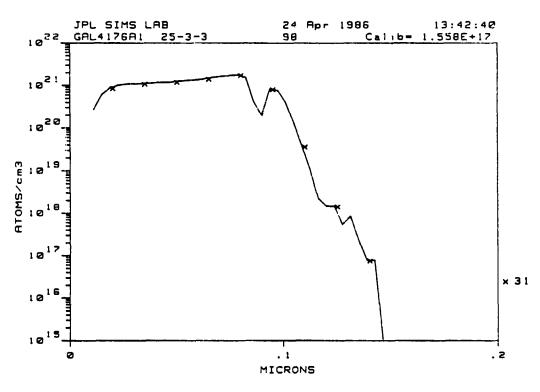
| [PH <sub>3</sub> ]/[SiH <sub>4</sub> ] | TIME<br>(min) | AS DEPOSITED (ohms/square) | POST ANNEAL (ohms/square) |
|--|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2.5 x 10 <sup>-2</sup>                 | J0            | 2320                       | 178                       |
|  | 120           | 1616                       | 138                       |
|  | 180           | 863                        | 70                        |

11

### Secondary Ion Mass Spectroscopy Plot (25-4-3)

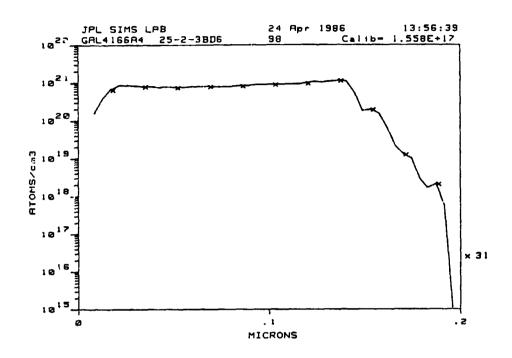


## Secondary Ion Mass Spectroscopy Plot (25-3-3)





#### Secondary Ion Mass Spectroscopy Plot (25-2-3BD6)



Preliminary Electrical Results (In-Situ Polysilicon Doped with [PH3]/[SiH4] Ratio of  $2.5 \times 10^{-2}$ )

|       | Voc   | lsc   | FF          | 7           | t       | PS  |
|-------|-------|-------|-------------|-------------|---------|-----|
| 151-1 | 315   | 128.5 | 8/3         | 16.72       | 1,514   | 70  |
| 151-2 | 637.5 | 127.5 | 3/2         | 16.52       | 30-401  | VL  |
| 151-3 | 645.3 | 125.0 | 211         | 16.36       | 460 A*  | ٧L  |
| 151-4 | 637.2 | 132.8 | 807         | 17:08       | ILDA    | ٧L  |
| 151-5 | L50.L | 110.0 | 811         | 17.15       | IKA     | 138 |
| 151-6 | 64810 | 12816 | <b>7</b> II | 16.81       | 100A    | YL  |
| 151-7 | (43.9 | 129-5 | 799         | کیما . ما ) | Control |     |

#### Conclusions

- LPCVD System Operational
- Preliminary Electrical Results Encouraging

## Module and Reliability Technology

#### MODULE TECHNOLOGY

Melvin I. Smokler, Chairman

- R. Mueller, of JPL, described the measurement system requirements to obtain accurate electrical performance measurements of amorphous silicon cells and modules, and reviewed progress in modifying the JPL system toward that objective.
- R. Ross, Jr., of JPL, discussed the JPL program of developing qualification tests necessary for amorphous silicon modules, including appropriate accelerated environmental tests that reveal degradation due to illumination. Data were given showing the results of temperature-controlled field tests and the results of accelerated tests in an environmental chamber.
- J. Lathrop, of Clemson University, reported progress and initial data on accelerated stress tests on small amorphous silicon test samples from several manufacturers. The test samples included both single and tandem junction devices.
- D. Otth, of JPL, presented the results of a current set of accelerated long-term endurance tests on crystalline silicon modules of various constructions. Cell materials include single crystal, semicrystal, EFG ribbon, and dendritic web ribbon. The latest data set is for the equivalent of 20-year life and showed satisfactory performance.
- P. Willis, of Springborn Laboratory, reviewed work on identifying and developing low-cost module encapsulation materials. Test results were displayed for a variety of materials. The improved prospects for modeling encapsulation systems for life prediction were reported.
- M. Smokler, of JPL, presented the results of a program of qualification testing of commercial crystalline silicon modules from nine manufacturers in five countries. The outcome demonstrated the effective role of the Block V Qualification Tests in the development of reliable modules.
- M. Spitzer, of Spire Corp., reported success in meeting the long-sought goal of manufacturing a crystalline silicon module with efficiency of 15% or better. Encapsulated cell efficiencies as high as 17.6% were obtained.
- B. Jackson, of JPL, reviewed the role and some results of the project analysis and integration function in the FSA Project. Activities included supporting the decision-making process, preparation of plans for Project direction, setting goals for Project activities, measuring progress within the Project, and the development and maintenance of analytical models.

PRECEDING PAGE BLANK NOT FILMED